# **Emergency Lighting Transfer System**

# **ELTS2 Series**





Type(s) Project Date Notes

## GENERAL INFORMATION

ETC's Emergency Lighting Transfer System (ELTS2) is designed to switch one or more lighting loads from one power source to another when there is a power failure or other emergency situation present.

### APPLICATIONS

**ETC** 

- Emergency lighting applications in cULus markets
- School auditoriums
- Theaters and concert halls
- Themed retail or casino spaces
- Houses of worship

#### GENERAL

- Self-contained and separate from normal power or control wiring
- Continuous monitoring of normal and emergency power
- NEMA 1 rated cabinet (optional NEMA 4 cabinet)
- Seismic certified

#### ELECTRICAL

- Connect up to 24 20 A circuits
- Single or three phase power:
  - 120/208 V
  - 120/240 V
- Three phase power:
  - 230/400 V
  - 240/415 V
- 277/480 V
- Optional discrete circuit feeds or main feed with branch circuit distribution
- Contractor connections are convenient and clearly marked **ACCESSORIES** 
  - Bornota Control
    - Remote Control Keyswitch Station
    - Mounting Kit horizontal tab option

# ORDERING INFORMATION

#### ELTS2

	ENCLOSURE	EMERGENCY FEED INPUTS	VOLTAGE OPTIONS	CIRCUITS
ELTS2	<b>1</b> = NEMA 1		<b>120</b> = 120 VAC circuits @ 20 A	
		<b>D</b> = Discrete Inputs	<b>277</b> = 277 VAC circuits @ 20 A	2–12 in small enclosure
			<b>3P</b> = 120/208 VAC (3Ø 4-wire)	
	<b>4</b> = NEMA 4	M = Main Feed	<b>1P</b> = 120/240 VAC (1Ø 3-wire)	
			<b>3P240</b> = 230/400 VAC (3Ø 4-wire)	14–24 in large enclosure
			<b>277</b> = 277/480 VAC (3Ø 4-wire)	

#### BASIC MODEL NUMBERING: ELTS2-1-M-3P-6

This is the basic form of the model number. It reads: ELTS2- 1 - Type of Enclosure; M - Type of Emergency Feed Inputs; 3P -Voltage Option; 6 - Quantity of circuits (even numbers only, max. 24)

The units are available with even number circuits only. The number of circuits determines the size of the unit:

- Small Unit: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12
- Large Unit: 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24
- Note: Mixed voltages are not allowed in the same unit and require two separate units.



# **ELTS2** Series

# SPECIFICATIONS

#### **REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE**

- UL and cUL Listing
  - ANSI/UL 1008 Automatic Transfer Switch for use in
  - emergency systems (category code WPWR)
  - UL File # E157852
- Complies with ANSI/NFPA 110, Standard for Emergency and Standby Power Systems
- Satisfies requirements of the National Electric Code (NFPA 70):
  - Article 700 Emergency Systems
  - Article 701 Legally Required Standby Systems
- Article 702 Optional Standby Systems
- Section 518.3C Assembly Occupancies
- Section 520.8 Theatres and Similar Locations
- Section 540.11C Motion Picture Projection Rooms
- Self-contained system for up to 24 circuits
- Short Circuit Current Rating (SCCR): 65,000 A RMS symmetrical at 277 VAC
- Standard enclosure is NEMA 1; optional enclosure is NEMA 4
- Seismic certification: Independent lab certification and third-party testing complies with the US seismic requirements of the International Building Code (IBC) for equipment in the emergency life-safety chain
  - IBC 2000 referencing ASCE 7-98 and ICC AC-156
  - IBC 2003 referencing ASCE 7-02 and ICC AC-156
- IBC 2006 referencing ASCE 7-05 and ICC AC-156
- IBC 2009 referencing ASCE 7-05 and ICC AC-156

#### MECHANICAL

- Wall mount unit with vertical mounting tab kit, alternative (horizontal) mounting tab kit available
- 14 gauge welded steel cabinet, rated NEMA 1 or optional NEMA 4 cabinet
- One-point (small unit) or three-point (large unit) door latch with key lock
- Fine-textured scratch resistant epoxy paint
- Hinged front access to wiring space for easy contractor connections – clearly marked termination strips and phase voltage lugs
- Conduit entry via top, bottom, or from any side (see manual)
- Control wiring separated from the higher voltage wires to avoid contact during installation

#### OPERATION

- Monitors normal power, and upon the detection of power failure with presence of an emergency source, the ELTS2 disconnects normal source and connects emergency source
- When normal power is restored, the emergency source is disconnected from the loads and normal source is connected to the loads
- Monitors voltage on all normal phases
- Field-adjustable delay after a loss of normal power before switching to the emergency source – adjustable from 0 to 10 seconds
- Field-adjustable delay after the restoration of normal power before switching to normal source – adjustable from 0 to 60 seconds
- Emergency state control priority:
  - 1 Power fail
  - 2 Fire alarm activation
  - 3 Local and/or remote activation

# SPECIFICATIONS

### ELECTRICAL

#### NORMAL SENSE FEED INPUT

- AC circuits with neutral to provide power to the normal side of the electronics and for sensing a power fail
  - 120 V Discrete Feed Three phase, 4 wire
  - 277 V Discrete Feed Three phase, 4 wire
  - 120/208 V Main Feed Three phase, 4 wire
  - 120/240 V Main Feed Single phase, 3 wire
  - 230/400 V Main Feed Three phase, 4 wire
  - 277/480 V Main Feed Three phase, 4 wire
- Terminals sized for up to 8 AWG wire
- Separate units required for mixed voltages

#### **EMERGENCY SOURCE FEED**

- **Type D**: Each circuit discretely fed from a remote breaker panel (supplied by others)
- Available in the following configurations:
  - 20 A 120 V circuits
  - 20 A 230 and 240 V circuits
- 20 A 277 V circuits
- **Type M**: Single feed main lugs provided to distribute emergency power to all circuits
- Available in the following configurations:
  - 120/208 V Three phase, 4 wire, 80 A for 12 circuits / 160 A for 24 circuits
  - 120/240 V Single phase, 3 wire, 120 A for 12 circuits / 240 A for 24 circuits
  - 230/400 V Three phase, 4 wire, 80 A for 12 circuits / 160 A for 24 circuits
  - 277/480 V Three phase, 4 wire, 80 A for 12 circuits / 160 A for 24 circuits
- For both types: input lug wire range of 14 AWG 2/0 for 12 circuits (small) or 6 AWG 350 kcmil for 24 circuits (large)
- For both types: fuse protection to allow listed use with any circuit breaker brand
  - Class G SCCR protection
  - Located on load side of contactor and protects both normal and emergency source feeds

#### MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS LOAD CONTACTORS

- 20 A circuits are rated for a continuous load of 1920 W per circuit at 120 V, 3680 W at 230 V, and 4432 W per circuit at 277 V
- A single contactor set controls no more than 2 circuits
- Switches both hot and neutral conductors
- Mechanically interlocked to ensure a break before make
- Rated for mixed loads: resistive, tungsten and discharge lamps
- Mechanically maintained (held)

#### FIRE ALARM INPUT

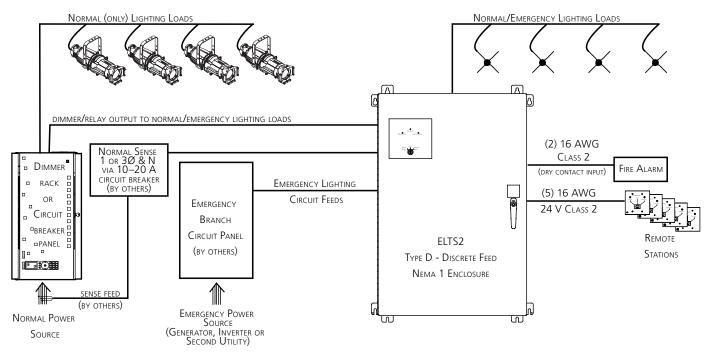
- Normally closed dry contact closure
- Input terminals accept 10–22 AWG class 2, two-wire from alarm panel

#### USER CONTROLS

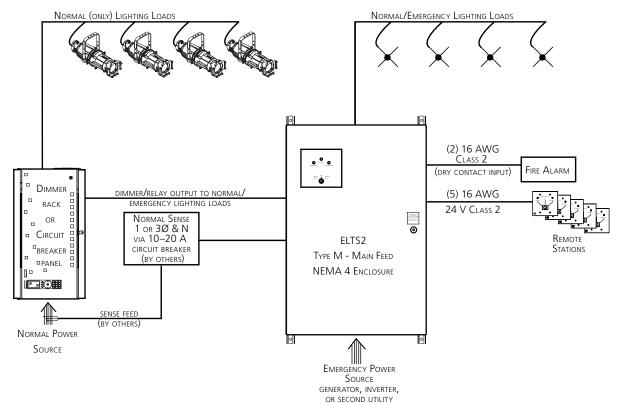
- Front panel local control includes a test key switch and 3 indicators
- Test key switch three-position momentary key switch
  Normal Mode with indicator
  - Emergency Mode with indicator
  - Fire Alarm with indicator
- Allows connection of up to five remote control stations (5-wire, 24 V Class 2, tested 16 AWG up to 1,000 ft)

**ELTS2 Series** 

## ELTS2 TYPE D TYPICAL RISER



# ELTS2 TYPE M TYPICAL RISER



# **ELTS2** Series

# PHYSICAL

# **ELTS2 Overall Dimensions**

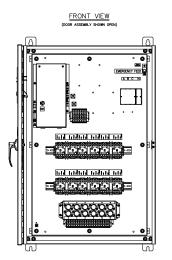
MODEL	HEIGHT		WIDTH		DEPTH	
	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
Large unit	50.8	1290	30.4	795	10.3	262
Small unit	38.8	986	24.4	643	10.3	262

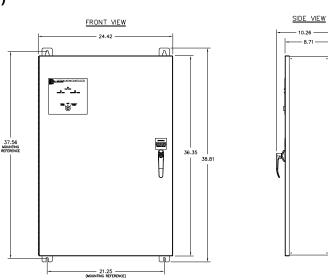
# ELTS2 Small unit for up to 12 circuits (NEMA 1)

### **ELTS2 Weights**

MODEL	WEIGHT		SHIPPING WEIGHT*		
	lb	kg	lb	kg	
Large unit	119	54	169	77	
Small unit	99	45	149	67	

\*Shipped on pallet



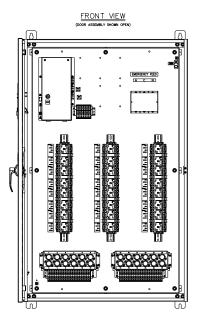


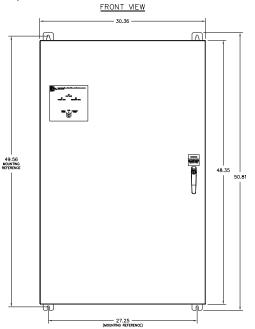


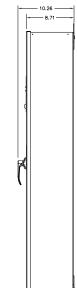
SIDE VIEW

- 8.71

ELTS2 Large unit for up to 24 circuits (NEMA 1)









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